NMNC 6.602.05 Transcranial Magnetic Stimulation

Description of Services: Transcranial Magnetic Stimulation (TMS) is a noninvasive method of brain stimulation. In TMS, an electromagnetic coil is positioned against the individual’s scalp near his or her forehead. Magnetic Resonance Imaging (MRI)-strength, pulsed, magnetic fields then induce an electric current in a localized region of the cerebral cortex, which induces a focal current in the brain and temporary modulation of cerebral cortical function. Capacitor discharge provides electrical current in alternating on/off pulses. Depending on stimulation parameters, TMS to specific cortical regions can either decrease or increase the excitability of the targeted structures. TMS does not induce seizures or involve complete sedation with anesthesia in contrast to ECT. The initial FDA approval for this treatment modality was sought for patients with treatment-resistant depression. Additionally, the population for which efficacy has been in the literature is that with treatment-resistant depression. Generally speaking, in accordance with the literature, individuals would be considered to have treatment-resistant depression if their current episode of depression was not responsive to two trials of medication from different classes for adequate duration, dose, and with treatment adherence. TMS is usually administered four to six times per week and for six weeks or less. It is typically performed in an outpatient office. TMS is not considered proven for maintenance treatment. The decision to recommend the use of TMS derives from a risk/benefit analysis for the specific member. This analysis considers the diagnosis of the member and the severity of the presenting illness; the member’s treatment history; any potential risks; anticipated adverse side effects; and the expected efficacy. Licensure and credentialing requirements specific to facilities and individual practitioners do apply and are found in our provider manual/credentialing information.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Admission Criteria</th>
<th>Continued Stay Criteria</th>
<th>Discharge Criteria</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>All of the following criteria must be met:</td>
<td>All of the following criteria must be met:</td>
<td>Any one of the following criteria must be met:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1) Member must be at least 18 years of age</td>
<td>1) Member continues to meet admission criteria</td>
<td>1) Member has achieved adequate stabilization of the depressivesymptoms; or</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2) Member demonstrates behavioral symptoms consistent with Major Depressive Disorder (MDD), severe without psychotic features, either single episode, or recurrent, as described in the most current version of the DSM, or corresponding ICD, and must carry this diagnosis</td>
<td>2) An alternative treatment would not be more appropriate to address the member’s ongoing symptoms</td>
<td>2) Member withdraws consent for treatment; or</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3) Depression is severe as defined and documented by a validated, self-administered, evidence-based monitoring tool [i.e., Patient Health Questionnaire -9 (PHQ-9), Beck Depression Inventory (BDI), Hamilton Depression Rating Scale (HAM-D), Montgomery Asberg Depression Rating Scale (MADRS), Quick Inventory of Depressive Symptomatology (QIDS), Inventory for Depressive Symptomatology Systems Review (IDS-SR), etc.].</td>
<td>3) Member is in agreement to continue TMS treatment and has been adherent with the treatment plan</td>
<td>3) Member no longer meets admission criteria and/or meets criteria for another level of care, either more or less intensive; or</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4) The diagnosis of MDD cannot be made in the context of current or past history of manic, mixed or hypomanic episode</td>
<td>4) Treatment is still necessary to reduce symptoms and improve functioning</td>
<td>4) Member is not making progress toward treatment goals, as demonstrated by the absence of any documented meaningful (i.e., durable and generalized) measurable improvement (e.g., validated rating scale and behavioral description) and there is no reasonable expectation of progress; or</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5) Member has no active (within the past year) substance use or eating disorders</td>
<td>5) There is evidence of objective progress in relation to specific symptoms, or treatment plan has been modified to address a lack of progress</td>
<td>5) Worsening of depressive symptoms, such as increased suicidal thoughts/behaviors or unusual behaviors</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
b) documented symptoms on a valid, evidence-based monitoring tool; and
c) medication adherence and lack of response to at least two psychopharmacologic trials in the current episode of treatment at the minimum dose and from two different medication classes;

7) Member must not meet any of the exclusionary criteria below

8) TMS is administered by a US Food and Drug Administration (FDA) cleared device for the treatment of MDD in a safe and effective manner according to the manufacturer’s user manual and specified stimulation parameters

9) The order for treatment is written by a physician who has examined the member and reviewed the record; has experience in administering TMS therapy; and directly supervises the procedure (on site and immediately available)

The following criterion may apply:

History of response to TMS in a previous depressive episode as evidenced by a greater than 50% response in standard rating scale for depression (e.g., PHQ-9, BDI, HAM-D, MADRS, QIDS, or the IDS-SR) and now has a relapse after remission and meets all other authorization criteria

Exclusions

Any one of the following criteria is sufficient for exclusion from this level of care:

1) Member has medical conditions or impairments that would prevent beneficial utilization of services; or
2) Member requires the 24-hour medical/nursing monitoring or procedures provided in a hospital setting; or
3) The safety and effectiveness of TMS has not been established in the following member populations or clinical conditions through a controlled clinical trial; therefore, the following are exclusion criteria:
   a. Members who have a suicide plan or have recently attempted suicide
   b. Members younger than 18 years of age or older than 70 years of age
   c. Members with recent history or active substance abuse or post-traumatic stress disorder
   d. Members with a psychotic disorder, including schizoaffective disorder, bipolar disorder, or major depressive disorder with psychotic features
   e. Members with neurological conditions that include epilepsy, cerebrovascular disease, neurocognitive disorder (dementia), Parkinson’s disease, multiple sclerosis, increased intracranial pressure, having a history of repetitive or severe head trauma, or with primary or secondary tumors in the CNS
f. The presence of vagus nerve stimulator leads in the carotid sheath

g. The presence of a metal or conductive device in the head or body that is contraindicated with TMS. For example, metals that are within 30cm of the magnetic coil and include, but are not limited to, cochlear implants, metal aneurysm coil or clips, bullet fragments, pacemakers, ocular implants, facial tattoos with metallic ink, implanted cardioverter defibrillator, metal plates, vagus nerve stimulator, deep brain stimulation devices and stents

h. Members with nerve stimulators or implants controlled by physiologic signals

**TMS is not indicated for maintenance treatment.** There is insufficient evidence to support the efficacy of maintenance therapy with TMS. TMS for maintenance treatment of major depressive disorder is experimental/investigational due to the lack of demonstrated efficacy in the published peer reviewed literature.

### Reference sources
Beacon’s Medical Necessity Criteria incorporate generally accepted standards of behavioral health practice documented in evidence- and consensus-based guidelines derived from:

1. Professional societies: American Psychiatric Association (APA)
2. National care guideline and criteria entities: MCG Care Guidelines
3. National health institutes: National Institutes of Health (NIH)
4. Professional publications and psychiatric texts: [Beacon’s Publication Reference Table]
5. Federal/state regulatory and industry accreditation requirements, including CMS’s National Coverage Determinations (NCDs) and Local Coverage Determinations (LCDs)
6. National industry peer organizations including managed care organizations (MCOs) and behavioral health organizations (BHOs)