

NMNC 6.604.05 Applied Behavioral Analysis

Applied Behavioral Analysis (ABA) is defined as the design, implementation, and evaluation of environmental modifications, using behavioral stimuli and consequences, to produce socially significant improvement in behavior and address challenging behavior problems for members with Autism Spectrum Disorders. Often the behavioral challenges are of such intensity that the member's ability to participate in common social activities or education settings is not possible. ABA services include the use of direct observation, measurement, and functional analysis of the relationship between environment and behavior. ABA treatment focuses on modifying behavioral issues by changing the individual's environment. Suggested intensity and duration of ABA varies and is not clearly supported by specific research evidence; however, most guidelines and consensus-based evidence reviews suggest at least 15 hours per week over 1 to 4 years, depending on a child's response to treatment. Treatment should be adjusted or discontinued if the recipient is not responding as determined by validated objective standards and outcome measures. Systematic reviews and meta-analyses of studies of early intervention ABA have found that the mean age of members ranged from 18 to 84 months; mean treatment intensity ranged from 12 to 45 hours per week; and treatment duration ranged from 4 to 48 months.

Admission Criteria	Continued Stay Criteria	Discharge Criteria
All of the following criteria must be met:	All of the following criteria	Any one of the following
	must be met:	criteria must be met:
1) Member has behavioral symptoms		
consistent with a <i>DSM</i> or corresponding	1) Member continues to meet	1) Member no longer meets
ICD diagnosis for Autism Spectrum	admission criteria	admission criteria and/or
Disorders or other diagnosis as required by	2) There is no other level of	meets criteria for another
state or federal law	care that would more	level of care; or
2) The diagnosis is determined by a qualified	appropriately address the	Member's individual
provider such as a developmental	member's needs	treatment plan and goals
pediatrician, pediatric neurologist,	3) Treatment is still necessary	have been met; or
psychiatrist or independently licensed and	to reduce symptoms and	Parent/guardian/caregiver
credentialed psychologist, or as permitted	improve functioning so the	is capable of continuing
by state or federal law	member may be treated in	the behavioral
3) Member has specific challenging	a less restrictive or intensive	interventions; or
behavior(s) and/or level of functional	level of care	4) Parent/guardian/caregiver
deficits attributable to the autism spectrum	4) Treatment/intervention	withdraws consent for
disorder (e.g., self-injurious,	plan includes age	treatment
stereotypic/repetitive behaviors,	appropriate, clearly defined	5) Member is not making
aggression toward others, elopement,	behavioral interventions	progress toward goals, nor
severely disruptive behaviors) that	with measurable goals to	is there any expectation of
result(s) in significant impairment in one or	target problematic	progress
more of the following:	behaviors	6) Member's support system
a) personal care; or	5) Member's progress is	is in agreement with the
b) psychological functioning; or	monitored as regularly	transition/discharge
c) vocational functioning; or	evidenced by behavioral	treatment plan
d) educational performance; or	graphs, progress notes, and	
e) social functioning; or	daily session notes If there	
f) communication disorders	is no measurable progress	
4) For outpatient ABA, the member can be	toward decreasing the	
adequately and safely maintained in	frequency, intensity and/or	
his/her home environment and does not	duration of the targeted	
require a more intensive level of care due	behaviors and/or increase	
to imminent risk to harm to self or	in skills for skill acquisition	



- others or severity of maladaptive behaviors
- 5) Member's challenging behavior(s) and/or level of functioning is expected to improve with intensive ABA
- Member is not currently receiving any other in-home or office-based Intensive Behavioral Intervention (IBI) or ABA services.
- As appropriate, parents and/or primary caretakers are included in treatment-planning and a skill-development process
- to achieve targeted goals and objectives, the treatment plan should be modified.
- 6) Medication assessment has been completed when appropriate and medication trials have been initiated or ruled out
- 7) There is a documented active attempt at coordination of care with parent(s)/guardian(s)/care givers, relevant providers, etc., when appropriate. If coordination is not successful, the reasons are documented.
- Coordination of care and discharge-planning are ongoing with the goal of transitioning the member to a less intensive behavioral intervention and a less intensive level of care

Exclusions

Any **one** of the following criteria is sufficient for exclusion from this level of care:

- 1) Member has medical conditions or impairments that would prevent beneficial utilization of services
- 2) Member requires the 24-hour medical/nursing monitoring or procedures provided in a hospital setting
- 3) The following services are *not* included within the ABA treatment process and will not be certified:
 - a) Speech therapy (may be covered separately under health benefit)
 - b) Occupational therapy (may be covered separately under health benefit)
 - c) Physical therapy
 - d) Vocational rehabilitation (may be covered separately under health benefit)
 - e) Supportive respite care
 - f) Recreational therapy
 - g) Orientation and mobility
 - h) Respite care
 - i) Equine therapy/Hippo therapy
 - j) Dolphin therapy
 - k) ABA treatment for diagnoses other than Autism Spectrum Disorder, unless otherwise mandated by state/federal law, or elected by contractual obligation
 - I) Other educational services

Reference Sources

Beacon's Medical Necessity Criteria incorporate generally accepted standards of behavioral health practice documented in evidence- and consensus-based guidelines derived from:



- 1) Professional societies: American Psychiatric Association (APA); American Academy of Psychiatrists in Alcoholism and Addictions (AAPAA); American Academy of Child and Adolescent Psychiatry (AACAP), Behavior Analyst Certification Board (BACB)
- 2) National care guideline and criteria entities: American Society of Addiction Medicine (ASAM); MCG Care Guidelines
- 3) National health institutes: National Institutes of Health (NIH); National Institute on Alcohol Abuse and Alcoholism (NIAAA); National Institutes of Drug Abuse (NIDA); Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration (SAMHSA)
- 4) Professional publications and psychiatric texts: [see Beacon's <u>Publication Reference Table</u>]
- 5) Federal/state regulatory and industry accreditation requirements, including CMS's National Coverage Determinations (NCDs) and Local Coverage Determinations (LCDs)
- 6) National industry peer organizations, including managed care organizations (MCOs) and behavioral health organizations (BHOs)